



Leominster Year 4 planning yearly overview

Term 1 : Climate	Term 2: Egyptians	Term 3: Energy
<u>Human/Physical Geography</u>	<u>History</u>	Human/Physical Geography
Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts	The achievements of the earliest civilizations An overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of Ancient Egypt.	Describe and understand key aspects of the distribution of natural resources to focus upon energy . Whole school day of activities.
Locational Knowledge On a world map, locate areas of similar environmental regions –either desert, rainforest or temperate regions. Locate the main countries of Europe, incl. Russia. Identify capital cities of Europe. Identify the longest rivers in Europe, largest deserts and highest mountains, including UK	Geography Skills and Fieldwork Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Learn the 8 points of a compass and four figure grid references.	Human/Physical Geography Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts.
Science (LT & H) identify and name plants/keys Animals including humans Living things and their habitats (LT & H) environmental change	Geography Skills and Fieldwork Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies (linked to Redridge trip)	<u>Science</u> • Electricity
	Science • (LT & H) environmental change States of matter	Science Sound

To be covered through out the year:

Design and write programs to achieve specific goals, including solving problems Use logical reasoning Understand computer networks Use internet safely and appropriately Collect and present data appropriately	Use sketchbooks to collect, record, and evaluate ideas Improve mastery of techniques such as drawing, painting and sculpture with varied materials Learn about great artists, architects and designers	Use research & criteria to develop products which are fit for purpose. Use annotated sketches and prototypes to explain ideas Evaluate existing products and improve own work. Use mechanical systems in own work. Understand seasonality, prepare and cook mainly savoury dishes.	Physical Education Use running, jumping, catching and throwing in isolation and in combination Play competitive games, modified as appropriate Develop flexibility and control in gym, dance and athletics Compare performances to achieve personal bests Swimming proficiency at 25m (KS1 or KS2)
Religious Education Continue to follow locally agreed syllabus for RE.	Listen and engage Ask and answer questions Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary Develop appropriate pronunciation Show understanding of words and phrases Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes Broaden vocabulary	Music Use voice and instruments with increasing accuracy, control and expression Improvise and compose music Listen with attention to detail Appreciate wide range of live and recorded music Begin to develop understanding of history.	History Separate unit to be covered: A non-European society – one study chosen from: • Early Islamic civilization, c.AD 900)Non statutory guidance • Mayan civilization c.AD 900) Non statutory guidance Benin c.AD 900 -1300) Non statutory guidance

Science statutory requirements:

Term 1:	Term 2:	Term 3:
Pupils should be taught to: describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digetstive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions. Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey.	States of matter Pupils should be taught to: Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases. Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius. Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	Sound Pupils should be taught to: Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating. Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear. Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it. Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.
Living Things and their habitats Pupils should be taught to: Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.		Electricity Pupils should be taught to: Identify common appliances that run on electricity. Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers. Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery. Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.