Key Stage 1

Standard Assessment Tests (SATs)

A meeting for parents



Assessment

- Expectations are higher.
- Children are assessed against a series of 'age-related' expectations, and judgements will be made against these.
- Children will either make 'expected' progress and therefore be working at this standard, have achieved more than this expectation and therefore be working at 'greater depth' or will be working 'towards' the standard.
- Judgements in Year 2 are based on teacher assessment and supported by testing.
- Children will also be given a 'scaled score' based on the outcomes of the test – to be judged as 'expected' they need to achieve a score of 100.



The tests

Children will sit tests in:

Reading (2 papers)

Mathematics (2 papers)

Spelling and Grammar and Punctuation

The tests will take place in May.

Children work in small groups of approximately half the class at a time.

Reading

- The Reading Test consists of two separate papers:
 - Paper 1 Contains a selection of texts totalling between 400 and 700 words
 with questions about the text. This paper includes a list of useful words and some
 practice questions for teachers to use to introduce the question types.
 - Paper 2 Contains a reading booklet of a selection of passages totalling 800 to 1100 words. Children will write their answers to questions about the passage in a separate booklet. There are no practice questions in this booklet.
 - Each paper is worth 50% of the marks and should take approximately 30-40 minutes to complete, although the children are not being assessed at working at speed so will not be strictly timed.
 - The texts will cover a range of poetry, fiction and non-fiction.
 - Questions are designed to assess the comprehension and understanding of a child's reading.
 - •Some questions are multiple choice or selected response, others require short answers and some require an extended response or explanation.

Mathematics

Children will sit two tests: Paper 1 and Paper 2:

- Paper 1 is for arithmetic, lasting approximately 25 minutes and worth 25 marks. It covers calculation methods for all operations.
- Paper 2 covers problem solving, reasoning and mathematical fluency, lasts for approximately 35 minutes and is worth 35 marks.
- Pupils will require calculation skills and questions will be varied including multiple choice, matching, true/false, completing a chart or table or drawing a shape. Some questions will also require children to show or explain their working out.



Spelling and Grammar

- Consists of 2 papers:
- Paper 1 Spelling pupils spell 20 words. The test should take approximately 15 minutes to complete.
- Paper 2 Grammar and Punctuation a range of questions. The test should take approximately 20 minutes to complete.

How you can help your child

- First and foremost, support and reassure your child that there is nothing to worry about and that they should always just try their best. Praise and encourage!
- Ensure your child has the best possible attendance at school.
- Reading, spelling and arithmetic are always good to practise.
- Talk to your child about what they have learnt at school and what book(s) they are reading (the character, the plot, their opinion).
- Make sure your child has a good sleep and healthy breakfast every morning!

How to Help Your Child with Reading

Listening to your child read can take many forms:

- First and foremost, focus developing an enjoyment and love of reading.
- Enjoy stories together reading stories to your child is equally as important as listening to your child read.
- Read a little at a time but often, rather than rarely but for long periods of time!
- Talk about the story before, during and afterwards discuss the plot, the characters, their feelings and actions, how it makes you feel, predict what will happen and encourage your child to have their own opinions.
- Look up definitions of words together you could use a dictionary, the Internet or an app on a phone or tablet.
- All reading is valuable it doesn't have to be just stories. Reading can involve anything from fiction and non-fiction, poetry, newspapers, magazines, football programmes, TV guides.
- Visit the local library it's free!

How to Help Your Child with Writing

- Practise and learn weekly spelling lists make it fun! The 'common exception word' list is available on the school website.
- Encourage opportunities for writing, such as letters to family or friends, shopping lists, notes or reminders, stories or poems.
- Write together be a good role model for writing.
- Encourage use of a dictionary to check spelling.
- Allow your child to use a computer for word processing, which will allow for editing and correcting of errors without lots of crossing out.
- Remember that good readers become good writers! Identify good writing features when reading (e.g. vocabulary, sentence structure, punctuation).
- Show your appreciation: praise and encourage, even for small successes!

How to Help Your Child with Maths

- Play times tables games.
- Play mental maths games including counting in different amounts, forwards and backwards.
- Encourage opportunities for telling the time.
- Encourage opportunities for counting coins and money e.g. finding amounts or calculating change when shopping.
- Look for numbers on street signs, car registrations and anywhere else.
- Look for examples of 2D and 3D shapes around the home.
- Identify, weigh or measure quantities and amounts in the kitchen or in recipes.
- Play games involving numbers or logic, such as dominoes, card games, draughts or chess.